

# zbit:toolbelt

for the BBC micro:bit



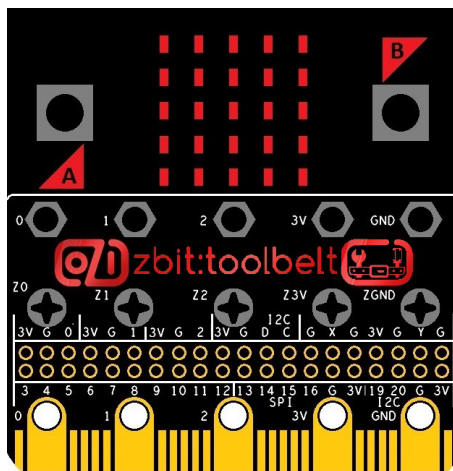
*Have Fun while you Learn !*



[www.zbit-connect.co.uk](http://www.zbit-connect.co.uk)

# zbit:toolbelt for the BBC micro:bit

The **zbit:toolbelt** is a member of the **zbit:connect** family of add-on boards for the **BBC micro:bit** brought to you by *innovations in education.*



The **zbit:connect** family is designed to ***unleash the potential of the BBC micro:bit*** allowing your **micro:bit** to connect to **multiple add-on boards** attached in the '**X**', '**Y**' or '**Z**' axis!

The **zbit:connect** family is designed to encourage an **understanding of software programming** by helping you to learn how to **write code** to **control external electronics**.

The **zbit:connect** family is also designed to encourage an **understanding of electronics** by encouraging '***positive hacking***' such as modifying **zbit:connect** boards to change or enhance their capabilities and/or **attaching your own electronic designs** to the **micro:bit**.

And above all the **zbit:connect** family is designed for you to

***'Have Fun while you Learn'***

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# zbit:toolbelt Features

**zbit:toolbelt** provides the smallest, lightest and most compact way to access **all GPIO** on the **micro:bit**.

This is possible due to the **unique** way **zbit:toolbelt** attaches to the **micro:bit**.

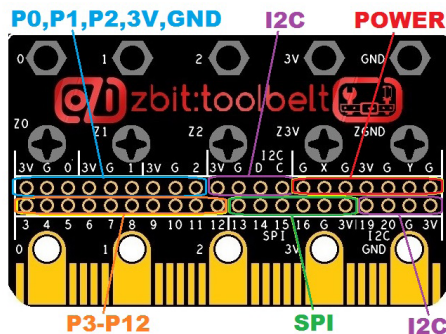
**zbit:toolbelt** connects using the custom designed '**zbit:connector**' made from **advanced conductive elastomerics**.

By using this small light weight connector, once attached, **zbit:toolbelt** *feels* like it is **part** of the **micro:bit**!

**All micro:bit GPIO** are made available on a **40 way socket connector**. This is the '**toolbelt connector**'.

The **micro:bit** compatible **Edge Connector** at the bottom also allows you to add additional **zbit:connect** boards or other **micro:bit** compatible accessories.

The pinout of the **toolbelt connector** is designed for maximum flexibility and convenience, allowing it to be used like a **mini breadboard**...



**P0, P1, P2, P8, P12, P13, P14, P15 & P16** have **adjacent 3V and/or GND pins** so 2 pin devices such as **LED's** can simply be plugged into the **toolbelt connector**.

**P0, P1 & P2** have **adjacent 3V & GND pins both sides** so 3 pin devices such as **Sensors, Servos**, etc, can plug into the **toolbelt connector**, **what ever their signal order** (3V-GND-SIG, 3V-SIG-GND, SIG-3V-GND, etc)

**SPI Connector** [P13,P14,P15,P16,G,3V] allows you to plug in an **SPI Board** such as an **SD Card Interface**.

**Two I2C Connectors** [3V,G,D(P20),C(P19)] allow you to plug up to two I2C Boards into the **toolbelt connector**.

Widely available **I2C Boards** include  
**Proximity Sensors,**  
**Gyro Sensors,**  
**Seven Segment Displays,**  
**Dot Matrix Displays,**  
**Digital-to-Analog Converters,**  
**Analog-to-Digital Converters,**  
**Real Time Clock Modules, etc.**  
Or you could ***design your own I2C board!***

**Power pins 3V, G and Auxiliary Signals X & Y** are available in the top right of the **toolbelt connector** to give access to power. For instance this is where **zbit:powerUSB** module can be fitted to give increased **3V current** to power **Servos** and **Displays** and to supply **5V** to power some **Motors** and **Sensors**.

The '**Z**' screws, whilst primarily used to secure the **zbit:connector** in place, can also be used add modules such as **NeoPixel Sticks** and **Rings** or to secure **zbit:toolkit** boards onto the **toolbelt connector**.

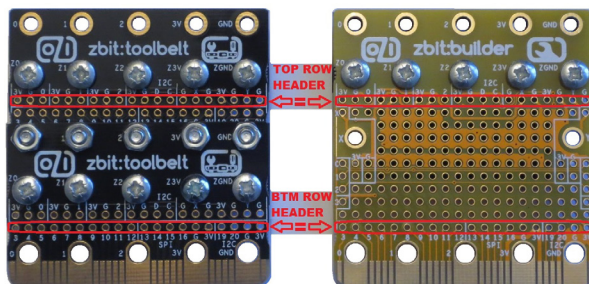
**zbit:toolkit** boards include:-  
**zbit:thumb,**  
**zbit:trol,**  
**zbit:shaker,**  
**zbit:mic,**  
**zbit:jack, etc.**

The '**xspacer**' can be used to provide additional mechanical fixing points, attach to adjacent **zbit:connect** boards and/or allow you to feed **external power rails** onto your **zbit:connect** board to power **motors** and **sensors** that require a higher voltage than the 3V supplied by the **micro:bit**.

The '**zbit:pwr:bars**' can be used to connect **external power rails** and/or auxiliary signals from one **zbit:connect** board to another.

**zbit:toolbelt** is a '**half size**' **zbit:connect** board.

This means that **two zbit:toolbelt** boards bolted together are exactly the same size as a '**full size**' **zbit:connect** board such as **zbit:speaker** or **zbit:builder**.



Furthermore, with two **zbit:toolbelt** boards bolted together, the **top row** of the **toolbelt connector** is in the *same position* and has the *same pinout* as the **Top Row Header Connector** on a '**full size**' board and the **bottom row** of the **toolbelt connector** is in the *same position* and has the *same pinout* as the **Bottom Row Header Connector** as on a '**full size**' board.

# Contents

1 x zbit:toolbelt board

1 x spacer board

1 x clip board

1 x xspacer board

2 x zbit:pwr:bars

5 x M3x8 Panel Head Screws

5 x M3x8 Countersunk Head Screws

10 x M3 Nuts

1 x 40 pin connector (*requires soldering*)

**(zbit:connector\* is an *optional* extra - sold separately)**

**\*A zbit:connector** is only required if the board needs to connect to the ‘**small pad**’ GPIO **P3-20**.

For more information see the ‘**zbit:connect family guide**’

## Tools Required

- Pozidrive Screwdriver
- Pliers
- Small File
- Soldering Iron
- Solder

# Assembly Instructions

The 6 individual PCB's are supplied as in single piece as shown. The PCB's are attached to each other by 'break-off' tabs.

1) Break off all of the smaller boards (**spacer board**, **clip board**, **xspacer board** and **zbit:pwr:bars**) from the main **zbit:toolbelt PCB**. Snap off both ends of the connecting 'break-off' tabs. This will require a pair of pliers. (The **xspacer board** and **zbit:pwr:bars** are for advanced applications - see '**zbit:toolbelt Designer's Guide**' below)

2) File off any rough edges from where the break-off tabs were attached.

3) Solder the 40 way connector to the main **zbit:toolbelt PCB**. **Ensure the connector is fitted to the front of zbit:toolbelt. The front of zbit:toolbelt has the logos and 'zbit:toolbelt' text.**

It is recommended you first solder two opposite corner pins. Then check that the connector is **fitted flush** with the surface of the PCB and is on the **front** surface of the PCB before soldering the remaining pins.

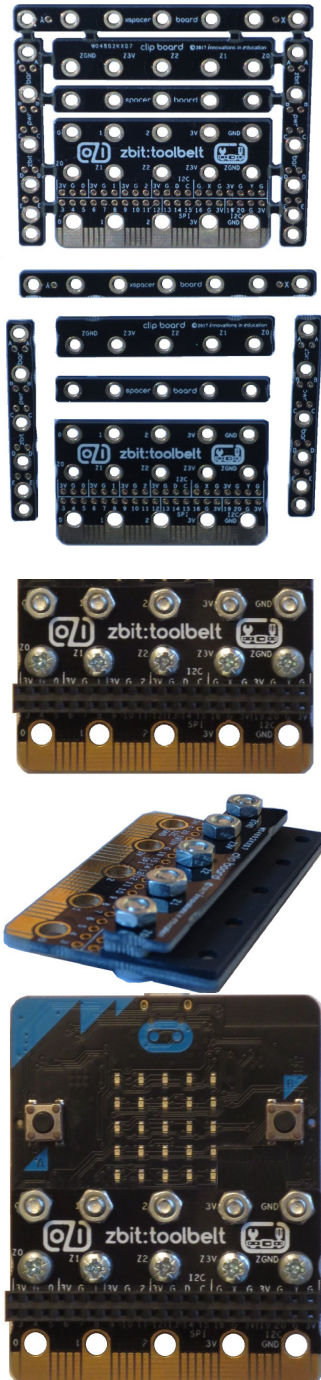
4) Attach the **zbit:connector**, **spacer board** and **clip board** with the **M3 pan head screws** as shown in the '**zbit:connector Assembly Diagram**' opposite. (If **zbit:toolbelt** is being used *without* the **zbit:connector**, fitting the **spacer board** and **clip board** is *optional*).

5) Insert your **micro:bit** into the slot at the top of **zbit:toolbelt** between the main **zbit:toolbelt PCB** and the **clip board**. Use the **M3 countersunk** head screws **inserted from the back of the micro:bit** as shown in the '**zbit:connector Assembly Diagram**' to secure your **micro:bit** to **zbit:toolbelt**.

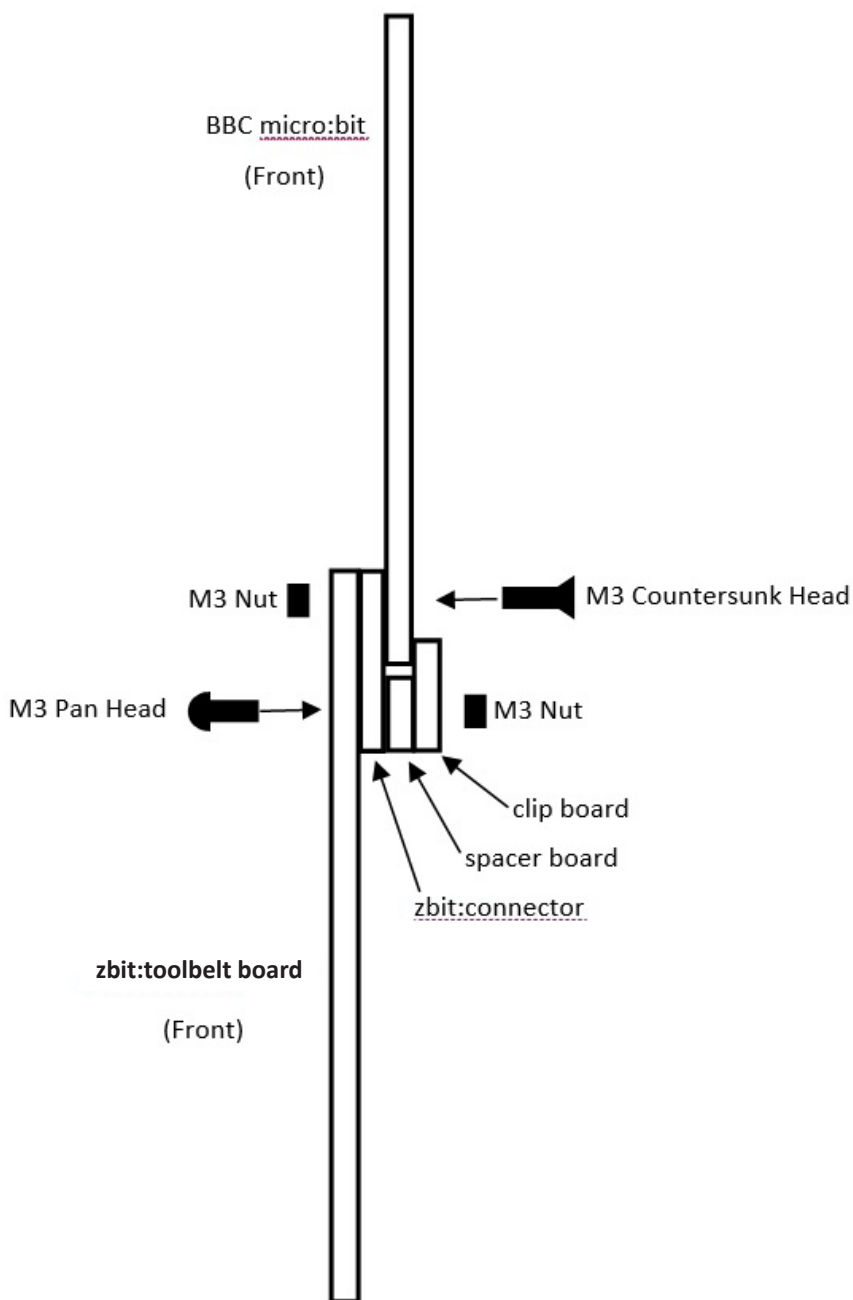
6) Tighten, but **don't over tighten** all screws.

**zbit:toolbelt is now ready to use !**

Visit [www.zbit-connect.co.uk](http://www.zbit-connect.co.uk) for examples of what you can do with **zbit:toolbelt** !



# zbit:connector Assembly Diagram

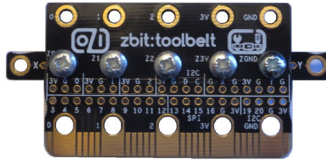




# zbit:toolbelt Designers Guide

## xspacer board

The **xspacer** board can be fitted in place of the **spacer** board.

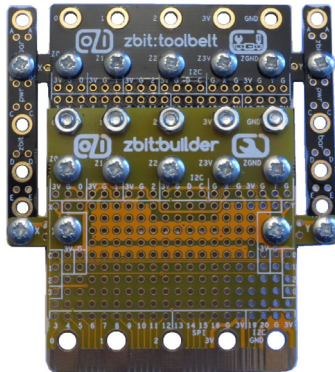


It can be used to:-

- provide additional mechanical fixing points
- bolt adjacent zbit:connect boards together
- connect **external power rails** and/or **auxiliary signals** to 'X' & 'Y' pins on the toolbelt connector

## zbit:pwr:bars

The **zbit:pwr:bars** can be used in conjunction with the **xspacer** board to connect **external power rails** and/or **auxiliary signals** from one **zbit:connect** board to another.



For example, fitting the **xspacer** board and **zbit:pwr:bars** along with **zbit:power:usb** could make **5V** available for use on a **zbit:builder** board.

**WARNING:** The **micro:bit** is a **3.3V** device. Connecting **5V** signals to its GPIO *could damage the micro:bit*. If using 5V to power motors and sensors, *ensure no 5V signals are directly connected to the micro:bit*.